COMMITTEE PROCEDURES AND PRACTICES

COUNCIL PROCEDURE BYLAW 2007 NO. 7060



Procedure Bylaw 2007 No. 7060

What does this Bylaw Cover?

The procedure for meetings

What does it apply to?

All Council and Committee Meetings

What if something isn't covered by the Bylaw?

 Roberts Rules of Order apply in cases not provided for under the Procedure bylaw.

Is there any other legislation we need to follow?

The Community Charter

What kind of procedures are covered in the Bylaw?

Time and location of meeting

- See Key date calendar on www.nanaimo.ca (schedule of meetings can be amended).
- Outlook invites are sent out to all members of Council with update sent as required.



Committee Proceedings

 All meetings are open unless Section 90(1) or 90(2) of the Community Charter applies.

Important note: This means any documents, handouts, presentations, or PowerPoints provided to members at a meeting are open to the public and will be posted to www.nanaimo.ca as well as kept on permanent record.

Meeting Basics

- The Agenda is put together by the Recording Secretary.
 - The Legislative Services Department reviews all agendas for approval.
 - The Agendas are distributed as soon as they are approved by the City Clerk (via email unless the file size is too large) and published on the City's website.
 - Paper copies of the front pages of the Agenda are available for members of the Committee at the meeting.
- Items on the agenda are ordered as per the Procedure Bylaw
- In order to add an item to an agenda you need to contact the Committee's Staff Liaison who will notify the City Clerk.

Meeting basics cont.

- The Chair will Call the Meeting to Order (quorum must be present)
 - Quorum is half of the membership, plus 1. If you have 10 members, 6 are required for quorum. If you have 9 members, 5 are required for quorum etc.
- The Chair will ask if there are any late items.
- Committee members add any additional late items or re-order items at their pleasure (<u>agenda now belongs</u> <u>to the Committee</u>)
 - Try to keep late items to a minimum
- Agenda is adopted (as amended if necessary)

Presentations and Delegations

- Presentations are usually invited by the Committee or the Staff Liaison
 - no specific time limit
- Delegations
 - have specific time limits (10 minutes)
 - items on the agenda
- Committee members can ask questions of delegations but should not enter into a debate
 - better to just listen to their comments

Motions

- Main motion
- Amending motion (also friendly amendments and amendments to an amendment)
- Motion to refer (to staff, to another time)
- Motion to table usually should be "refer"
- Point of order used to question whether meeting is being conducted in accordance with rules (ruled by the Chair)
- Motion to adjourn

Motion Pitfalls

- Motion to receive (report or delegation)
 - What do you do if it fails?
 - You do not have the option to not receive something that you have already been provided or heard

Negatively worded motions

- i.e. that DPxxx not be issued. If motion fails creates a double negative
- Correct wording that DPxxx be denied. If this motion fails, it is clear that another motion is still required to issue the DPxxx

Notice of Motion

Used to provide the Committee and staff with a "heads-up" that a motion will be put forward for consideration at the next meeting.

 Preferable to have specific wording drafted to include in the minutes and next meeting agenda.

Minutes

- Include motions that have been made and high-level notes. More details are provided for committee minutes.
- Motions that have been withdrawn are not recorded.
- Motions are recorded as "carried unanimously", "defeated unanimously" or "carried" / "defeated" and the names of those who were opposed to the motion.

Question Period

Agenda items only

Not meant as an opportunity for debate

 Not always necessary or possible to answer all questions on the spot

Questions?

