

AGENDA GOVERNANCE AND PRIORITIES COMMITTEE MEETING

Monday, July 15, 2024, 1:00 P.M.
SHAW AUDITORIUM, VANCOUVER ISLAND CONFERENCE CENTRE
80 COMMERCIAL STREET, NANAIMO, BC

SCHEDULED RECESS AT 3:00 P.M.

Pages 1. CALL THE MEETING TO ORDER: [Note: This meeting will be live streamed and video recorded for the public.] 2. **INTRODUCTION OF LATE ITEMS:** 3. APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA: 4. **ADOPTION OF THE MINUTES:** 5. **AGENDA PLANNING:** 3 a. **Upcoming Topics and Initiatives** To be introduced by Sheila Gurrie, Director, Legislative Services. 6. **REPORTS:** Empowered Nanaimo: a. 4 - 9 1. Alternative Approval Process Policy To be introduced by Sheila Gurrie, Director, Legislative Services. Purpose: To provide the Governance and Priorities Committee with a draft Alternative Approval Process (AAP) Policy for consideration and endorsement. Recommendation: That the Governance and Priorities Committee recommend that Council endorse the draft Alternative Approval Process Policy as outlined in Attachment A of the report titled

"Alternative Approval Process Policy" dated 2024-JUL-15.

1. "Nanaimo Builds for the Future" Plan

To be introduced by Dale Lindsay, Chief Administrative Officer.

Purpose: To provide Council an overview of potential major capital projects to be funded by long-term borrowing and set context for significant capital expenditures over the short and medium term and seek Council direction on the advancements of priority projects.

Presentation:

1. Dale Lindsay, Chief Administrative Officer

Recommendation: That Council:

- Direct staff to begin preparations for a referendum in Spring 2025 for the South End Community Centre; and
- Provide direction with respect to additional projects that that it may wish to potentially include in a referendum question, and
- 3. Direct staff to update costing, further develop project scope and return with a report summarizing these items.

[Note: PowerPoint to be distributed on the addendum.]

- 7. QUESTION PERIOD:
- 8. ADJOURNMENT:

Meeting Time	Upcoming Topics and Initiatives											
	October 28, 2024 – 6	GPC Meeting										
	Incentives that support City Plan	Presentation & options for endorsement (2023-DEC-04 Council motion)										
	Amenity Cost Charge Bylaw Project (Bill 46 Housing Statutes 2023)	 Presenting considerations for using new development finance tool endorsed by the Province in November 2023. 										
1pm	Development Cost Charge Bylaw Update Project (IAP Priority Action #203)	Presenting considerations for updating DCC Bylaw No. 7252										
	DPA8 Form and Character Design Guidelines (IAP Priority Action #202)	Presenting new development permit (DP) guidelines for endorsement										

Future GPC topics – dates TBD

- City Plan Monitoring Committee(s) (2023-MAY-1 Council motion)
- Update re: Urban Tree Canopy Management Strategy (IAP #16) (2024-JULY-8 Council motion)

Legend									
Council requested topics									
	Staff initiatives								
	Integrated Action Plan (IAP) program								

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Staff Report for Decision

File Number: CC-03

DATE OF MEETING JULY 15, 2024

AUTHORED BY SHEILA GURRIE, DIRECTOR, LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

SUBJECT ALTERNATIVE APPROVAL PROCESS POLICY

OVERVIEW

Purpose of Report

To provide the Governance and Priorities Committee with a draft Alternative Approval Process (AAP) Policy for consideration and endorsement.

Recommendation

That the Governance and Priorities Committee recommend that Council endorse the draft Alternative Approval Process Policy as outlined in Attachment A of the report titled "Alternative Approval Process Policy" dated 2024-JUL-15.

BACKGROUND

At the 2024-JUN-17 Regular Council Meeting, Council passed the following motion:

"That Council direct Staff to prepare a draft policy for the Governance and Priorities Committee that includes:

- a. That the method of communication/engagement be considered on a case-by-case basis based on the scale and the borrowing amount of the project;
- b. That the number of response forms be limited to 10 forms per person for the duration of the AAP period; and
- c. Options for the inclusion of mail-out options for response forms and electronic submission of response forms."

An alternative approval process (AAP) is a form of approval that allows electors to indicate whether they are against a local government proposal moving forward. If 10% or more of the eligible electors sign and submit response forms, the local government cannot proceed with the matter proposed in the bylaw without first holding a referendum (assent voting).

An AAP is subject to Provincial legislation that local governments must follow. In addition, the document *Alternative Approval Process: A Guide for Local Governments in British Columbia* outlines where a local government can set certain processes out in policy, where not noted in the legislation.

A draft Alternative Approval Process Policy has been prepared for Council's consideration (Attachment A).



DISCUSSION

The draft Alternative Approval Process Policy includes the following:

Number of Elector Response Forms provided

Based on Council direction, a maximum of ten (10) printed copies of an elector response form will be provided per individual throughout the process for an AAP.

Methods for receiving response forms

The AAP Policy proposes the following methods for receiving elector response forms:

- 1. In person at City Hall
- 2. Via mail
- 3. Through electronic submission on the City of Nanaimo's website

Previously, the City has accepted elector response forms in person or by mail. The document *Alternative Approval Process: A Guide for Local Governments in British Columbia* notes that local governments can allow elector response forms to be submitted by electronic means, but recommends having a formal policy in place.

In reviewing the practices of other local governments in BC, allowing for electronic submissions of elector response forms is becoming common practice. Council has engaged in advocating to the Province for clearer legislation around the use of electronic submissions, and the AAP process in general, but in the meantime allowing response forms to be submitted electronically aligns with the practice of many other local governments and increases accessibility of the alternative approval process.

Staff are not recommending accepting response forms via email due to cyber security concerns. Email attachments can contain viruses that could penetrate the City's network; however, scanned or photographed forms can be uploaded safely and securely through the City of Nanaimo website. Forms will still require an original signature; however, the draft policy does not require a physical copy to be subsequently submitted. Electronic submissions that include an original signature (scanned/photographed) and meet the legislated requirements would be accepted.

Withdrawing an Elector Response Form

The Ministry's AAP guidelines note that an elector is entitled to receive their form back should they request to do so, and that local governments may choose to set out requirements for returning forms to an elector. The AAP Policy outlines that this request must be made in writing prior to the response deadline and proof of identification will be required to ensure personal information is being protected.

Communication and Engagement Strategy for Council endorsement

The Communication and Engagement Strategy will include a high-level overview of the methods staff propose for raising awareness and providing information regarding an upcoming AAP. The Strategy will be considered on a case-by-case basis for each AAP and take into account the complexity and financial impact of the proposal. The costs associated with communicating an AAP, beyond the legislated requirements, could vary significantly depending on the project's



scope and the methods used. Having Council endorse a Communication and Engagement Strategy prior to an AAP commencing provides clear direction to staff, and an approved budget for the associated costs.

While not specified in the AAP Policy, staff will not be recommending a mail-out of elector response forms for AAPs. The report by Lisa Zwarn, presented at the 2024-JUN-12 Governance and Priorities Committee meeting, noted several factors as to why mailing out elector response forms could be problematic. A mail-out of information handouts could still be considered as part of the Communication and Engagement Strategy.

OPTIONS

- 1. That the Governance and Priorities Committee recommend that Council endorse the draft Alternative Approval Process Policy as outlined in Attachment A of the report titled "Alternative Approval Process Policy" dated 2024-JUL-15.
 - The advantages of this option: Establishing a policy for processes related to an AAP that are not directed by legislation provides clear direction to staff and aligns with recommendations outlined in the document Alternative Approval Process: A Guide for Local Governments in British Columbia.
 - The disadvantages of this option: Changes to the AAP process, such as allowing for receipt of electronic submissions and limiting the number of forms available to 10 per person, will require staff to develop additional procedures and adds complexity to the current processes. Some electors may be dissatisfied that an original signature will still be required and that the number of forms they can collect will be limited.
 - Financial Implications: Having Council endorse a Communication and Engagement Strategy prior to an AAP commencing could lead to additional costs for holding an AAP than what has historically been budgeted. While this will be considered on a case-by-case basis, there may be times in the future where additional funds will need to be identified making it harder to predict how to budget for an AAP.
- 2. That the Governance and Priorities Committee provide feedback to staff regarding amendments to the draft Alternative Approval Process Policy and for staff to provide Council with an updated policy for endorsement at a future Council meeting.
 - The advantages of this option: Should the Governance and Priorities Committee
 wish to make amendments to the draft AAP Policy, staff could incorporate those into
 an updated policy which would be brought forward for endorsement at a future
 Council meeting.
- 3. That Council provide alternate direction...



SUMMARY POINTS

- A draft Alternative Approval Process (AAP) Policy has been brought forward based on feedback and direction from Council.
- The draft policy would establish processes related to an AAP that are not specifically directed by legislation.
- The draft policy proposes limiting the number of printed elector response forms
 provided to individuals to ten copies, allowing for forms to be submitted electronically
 through the City's website and having Council endorse the methods of communication
 and engagement to be used for an AAP on a case-by-case basis.

ATTACHMENTS:

ATTACHMENT A: Draft Alternative Approval Process (AAP) Policy

Submitted by: Concurrence by:

Sheila Gurrie Dale Lindsay

Director, Legislative Services Chief Administrative Officer



COUNCIL POLICY

RCRS Secondary:	GOV-02	Effective Date:	
Policy Number:	COU-242	Amendment Date/s:	
Title:	Alternative Approval Process	Repeal Date:	
	(AAP) Policy	-	
Department:	Legislative Services	Approval Date:	

PURPOSE:

To establish processes related to an Alternative Approval Process (APP) that are not specifically directed by legislation. This includes:

- Establishing a process to accept electronic submissions from the public during an AAP;
- Establishing the number of printed elector response forms that will be provided to individuals during an AAP; and
- Providing information prior to an AAP commencing on the methods of communication and engagement to be used for that AAP.

BACKGROUND:

The *Community Charter* is silent with respect to the issue of how elector response forms may be submitted by eligible electors and received by the local government body. The Ministry of Municipal Affairs recommends in its guidelines *Alternative Approval Process: A Guide for Local Governments in British Columbia* that if, in addition to accepting elector response forms in person or by mail, a local government decides to accept elector response forms by electronic means, the local government should ensure that it has an appropriate policy in place.

Every eligible elector is entitled to submit one (1) elector response form in response to an AAP. The Ministry's guidelines state that signed response forms are able to be gathered from other eligible electors and submitted to the Corporate Officer for those electors who are unable to do so in person. The number of blank elector response forms that will be made available for an individual to pick up in person at City Hall is not noted in the *Community Charter* and therefore should be set in policy.

The costs associated with communicating an AAP, beyond the legislated requirements, could vary significantly depending on the methods used. Setting in policy that a Communication and Engagement Strategy will be presented to Council on a case-by-case basis based on the scale and the borrowing amount of the project provides transparency and clear direction during the planning process.

POLICY:

1. Availability of Elector Response Forms

- 1.1 Elector response forms will be printed and available, within regular business hours, at the Legislative Services Department and will be available for the public to print from the City's website on the same day of the first official notice and throughout the AAP.
- 1.2 A maximum of ten (10) printed copies of an elector response form will be provided per individual throughout the process for each AAP.

2. Requirements for Submitting Elector Response Forms

- 2.1 Elector response forms will be accepted until the deadline set out in the Notice of AAP through the following methods:
 - a) In person at the Legislative Services Department, City Hall, 455 Wallace Street, Nanaimo, BC (Monday to Friday during regular business hours, excluding Statutory Holidays);
 - b) Via mail to: 455 Wallace Street, Nanaimo, BC V9R 5J6; or
 - c) Through electronic submission on the City of Nanaimo's website. A link to the submission webpage will be identified on the elector response form.
- 2.2 Elector response forms must include the original signature of the elector.
- 2.3 Elector response forms being submitted electronically through the submission webpage must be submitted as either a scanned copy or a photo of an original signed form.
- 2.4 Elector response forms will not be accepted via email.
- 2.5 Elector response forms will only be accepted if completed and submitted within the timeline specified for the AAP and must be in the custody of the Corporate Officer by that deadline to be counted.

3. Withdrawing an Elector Response Form

3.1 An elector may withdraw their elector response form by providing proof of identification and making a request in writing to the Corporate Officer, or designate, prior to the response deadline.

4. Communications and Engagement

- 4.1 The methods of communications and engagement for promoting an AAP will be considered on a case-by-case basis based on the scale and, when applicable, borrowing amount of the project.
- 4.2 A high-level Communication and Engagement Strategy will be presented to Council for endorsement prior to an AAP commencing.

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Community Charter Local Government Act

Alternative Approval Process: A Guide for Local Governments in British Columbia "Public Notice Bylaw 2022 No. 7325"

REPEAL or AMENDMENT:

N/A



Staff Report for Decision

DATE OF MEETING JULY 15, 2024

AUTHORED BY DALE LINDSAY, CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

SUBJECT "NANAIMO BUILDS FOR THE FUTURE" PLAN

OVERVIEW

Purpose of Report:

To provide Council an overview of potential major capital projects to be funded by long-term borrowing and set context for significant capital expenditures over the short and medium term and seek Council direction on the advancements of priority projects.

Recommendation:

That Council:

- 1. Direct staff to begin preparations for a referendum in Spring 2025 for the South End Community Centre; and
- 2. Provide direction with respect to additional projects that that it may wish to potentially include in a referendum question, and
- 3. Direct staff to update costing, further develop project scope and return with a report summarizing these items.

BACKGROUND

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview on several major community development projects that are Council's strategic priorities and reflected in City Plan and the newly adopted Integrated Action Plan. These include:

- South End Community Centre
- Waterfront Walkway Departure Bay section
- Beban Park Amenities

Other future capital needs noted in the discussion include upgrades and new facilities at the Public Works Building, RCMP Station a future additional Fire Hall; and other major Civic, Parks, Recreation and Culture facility needs, and Transportation and water supply dams.

This report provides a brief overview of the background and scope of each project's financial considerations and potential next steps.

It is important to note that the cost estimates and impacts on taxes for a typical home that are contained in this report are based on the assumption that the full cost for each project would be funded through long-term borrowing and that debt repayment would be covered solely through taxation. Any decisions on priorities today would not preclude the City seeking grants or



partnerships to reduce the cost nor the ability for Council to consider other sources in the future such as the allocation of eligible reserves or future contributions from Amenity Cost Charges (recently authorized by the Province).

DISCUSSION

South End Community Centre

Background

A Feasibility Study is complete for the South End Community Centre. A steering committee has been working on concept plans and to identify partnership opportunities in the proposed facility. An environmental scan (interviews with other school districts, community services and community centres already in partnership) assisted with early development of governance and best practices associated with joint use agreements. Based on work to date the facility could be between 4,180m² and 6,040m² (45,000 and 65,000 square feet) in size depending on the uses and partnerships established. The City has made significant progress in the identification of a site for the community centre and hope to share a public announcement in the near future.

Financial Considerations

Although the scope could vary in size depending on final approved uses and partnerships, it is expected that the capital cost of a facility of this nature could be in the range of \$100 -150 million. There would also be operational cost implications, which could vary depending on factors such as the details of partnership agreements. As the project matures, more detailed cost information will be established.

Borrowing \$150 million would add \$232 per year to the typical home valued at \$783,808.

Next Steps

Staff are of the opinion that planning for this long-standing priority project has sufficiently advanced such that the next step is to proceed with obtaining approval of the electorate for the necessary borrowing. It is recommended that Council direct that the approval be sought through referendum although the alternative approval process (AAP) remains an option.

Should Council elect to proceed as recommended draft concept options will be presented to the community in advance of the referendum.

Waterfront Walkway - Departure Bay Section

Background

The Waterfront Walkway project has been identified in several Council Strategic Plans. In 2017, the City completed an overall Implementation Plan for the creation of a continuous walkway from Departure Bay to the Nanaimo River Estuary. The plan was completed with significant positive input from the community and revealed strong public support for the development of the waterfront walkway.



In 2019, Staff developed a detailed plan for the waterfront walkway using a green shores approach between the BC Ferries Terminal in Departure Bay and Departure Bay Beach. This included archeological, geotechnical, environmental, and coastal erosion specialists providing their input to the project. The project has been presented to Snuneymuxw First Nation (SFN), the Department of Fisheries and Oceans, and the Province of BC to gain feedback and help steer the design. The green shores approach accounts for sea level rise, mitigates potential for steep slope erosion, and restores original foreshore habitat.

The project is supported in the City Plan through a Connected, Green, Empowered and Prosperous Nanaimo lens.

Financial Considerations

Preliminary construction costs have been determined to be in the range of \$30 to \$38 million in 2022. The project costs now in 2024 are likely greater than \$40 million, given recent escalation.

Borrowing \$40 million would add \$62 per year to the typical home valued at \$783,808.

Next Steps

Staff are of the opinion that planning for this long-standing priority project has sufficiently advanced such that the next step is to proceed with obtaining approval of the electorate for the necessary borrowing. Should Council wish to include this project in an upcoming referendum (or AAP) Staff will confirm current cost estimates and return to a future Council meeting.

Beban Park Master Plan and Facility Implementation Plan

Background

Beban Park is a major gathering place for recreational, sporting, and social events for the City and Region. Beban Park Master Plan includes a number of recommendations for potential facility updates, improvements, and potential new facilities on site. Under the Beban Park Master Plan, the site also provides opportunity for new facilities in partnership with sport, culture and other recreational and social organizations.

Examples of new recreational or social space that could be built at Beban Park include:

- Multi purpose building to support year-round event and seasonal events like VIEX, farmer's market and other community events;
- Covered field for multi sports;
- Covered racket facility;
- Gymnastics facility.

The main facility was originally constructed in the 1970's, with improvements and additions over the years. The facility also plays a critical role in emergency response, in particular with evacuees. An electrical renewal was completed about five years ago, and a large portion of the roof and parts of the structural systems are planned for renewal in the next few years. Still outstanding are renewal of the heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems which are original and are forecast to require replacement in the foreseeable future. This could be an opportunity to review potential enhancements or upgrades through an emissions reduction lens.



Examples of these renewals and enhancements include:

- Expansion of Beban pool therapy and teach pools
- Upgrade pool infrastructure
- Make gym accessible by being to ground area
- Enclose breezeway to add more usable spaces between the social centre and arena

Financial Considerations

Depending on the scope and climate actions taken, the renewal of the heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems could be in the order of \$5 to \$15 million.

The capital requirements can vary depending on the scope of the project, but they could also include major updates to add more recreational and social space as well as improving accessibility. These initiatives could add in the order of \$20 million or more to the above cost considerations.

As an example, borrowing between \$30 million and \$70 million would add \$46 to \$108 respectively per year to the typical home valued at \$783,808.

Next Steps

Staff are of the opinion that the Beban Park Master plan provides sufficient direction such if Council elected to proceed with one or more components pre-planning could be completed in advance of approval of the electorate for the necessary borrowing. Should Council wish to include this Beban Park upgrades in an upcoming referendum (or AAP) Staff will provide further details and cost estimates and return to a future Council meeting.

Other Future Needs

For full context, it is important to consider other major funding pressures. There are considerable future funding pressures to maintain existing infrastructure, facilities and services as well as adding new facilities based on the City's growth and needs as identified in City Plan. Considering the aging condition of some facilities, the operational needs of the City and the sustainment/enhancement of services, the following items provide further context:

Nanaimo Public Works Yard - Fleet Maintenance and Administration

Background

City operations are currently provided at Public Works, the Parks Operations Yard on Prideaux Street and the Nanaimo Lakes Road Parks satellite yard. These facilities no longer meet the operational needs of both the organization and the community. A conceptual master plan for the Nanaimo Operations Centre formed the basis for Council's direction to proceed with updating the Public Works Yard.

Two Alternative Approval Process (AAP) to seek assent of the electors for the first phase of this project, which were not completed successfully. Council subsequently directed Staff to prepare options for presentation at a later date, which it received at the 2024-JUN-24 Governance and Priorities Committee (GPC) meeting.



At the 2024-JUNE-24 GPC meeting, the Committee recommended Council proceed with a new option for NOC and prepare a borrowing bylaw in support of that option. This option would complete the highest need and highest cost elements of the plan in a single phase of work (the Fleet Maintenance and staff building), leaving the rest of the improvements to the Public Works Yard to be completed through capital project planning. Council will consider this recommendation on 2024-JUL-22.

Financial Considerations

The original phased implementation of NOC was preliminarily anticipated to cost \$163.0 million, with \$48.5 million dedicated to the first phase of work which the two AAPs were undertaken in support of. The new option being pursued is anticipated to cost \$90.0 million for the two primary buildings – the Fleet Maintenance and Public Works Admin Buildings. With this option the remainder of the updates can be undertaken independently, are not expected to require borrowing, and could be competed as needed in the future.

Borrowing \$90 million would add \$139 per year to the typical home valued at \$783,808.

Next Steps

Staff will prepare a borrowing bylaw per Council direction anticipated at the 2024-JUL-22 Council meeting and plan to bring that bylaw to Council at the 2024-JUL-29 Council Meeting. At that Council meeting, Staff will also be seeking Council direction to proceed with an AAP for that borrowing bylaw in September/October 2024.

RCMP Detachment Expansion

Background

The current RCMP facility was constructed in the 1980's. Policing requirements have grown along with the Nanaimo population. The current detachment building has outgrown the operational and space needs of the detachment. Phase 1 of the project is intended to provide interim relief to the overcrowding by renovating parts of the existing detachment and relocating 22 staff to another nearby City-owned building. Phase 2 involves the development of a new or expanded detachment building on the current site.

Financial Considerations

The approved budget for Phase 1 renovations is \$3.3 million with work on the nearby City-owned building complete and renovation of the existing detachment expected to begin later this year. Work was completed on costing a stand-alone facility and initial costs was projected in the range of \$270 million. Given the magnitude, Council has directed that staff consider other options that would allow the City to meet its contractual obligations to the RCMP.

Since borrowing such a large sum would add \$418 per year to the typical home valued at \$783,808, staff are examining other options available to reduce the cost while still meeting the contractual obligations with the RCMP.



Timing

Phase 1 is currently underway and expected to provide relief for up to five years (2027). Financial considerations of Phase 2 have prompted further review of the project scope, funding opportunities, and project options. Design work has been paused as these considerations are revisited, and the Business Case reviewed.

Next Steps

The RCMP facility upgrade and expansion is a "must-do" project given the functionality and space challenges with the current facility. It is likely that an AAP is appropriate once the project reaches a suitable level of maturity.

Wellcox (Port) Secondary Access

The Wellcox Trestle (the trestle) connects Esplanade to Port Drive and it is 60-80 years old. At the time the City took over responsibility for the trestle in 2013, it was the only available access point into the Nanaimo Port Authority Assembly Wharf Lands (the NPA Lands). In 2019, the City constructed a new public access road from Front Street. That route (Port Drive) crosses over railroad tracks that are blocked from time to time with train barge loading/unloading. The trestle continues to be the only 24/7 access point without the barge/train interruptions. The trestle is rapidly deteriorating, and it is nearing the end of its usable service life. A new secondary access is needed to ensure uninterrupted access to the NPA Lands. The cost of the new secondary access at the end of Farquhar Street is expected to be in the range of \$10 to \$15 million.

Vancouver Island Conference Centre

The Vancouver Island Conference Centre (VICC) was constructed in 2008 and contains many assets with a 20-year service life that are coming up for renewal. At almost 100,000 square feet, any single asset renewal has a significant multiplier. It is projected that a new roof, replacement mechanical systems, and potentially windows will be required within the foreseeable future. The expected cost of those systems is in the range of \$20 to \$50 million.

Future Emergency Services

In a growing City with evolving emergency response requirements, it is anticipated that additional facilities will be required. Fire Services call volumes and growth pressures are projected to require investment in a new facility within 10 years. With growth and rising call volumes, the timing of this new facility may need to be accelerated. The cost of a new fire hall would be expected to be in the range of \$20 to \$30 million.

Stadium District

The planned improvements to the Stadium District are considerable and could include: the addition of stadium seating in all three venues; shared washrooms; change rooms; parking; press boxes; and an artificial turf on the Serauxmen Stadium Baseball Field. Other updates could be included to allow the district to host a variety of events. Capital over time could be in the range of \$5 to \$10 million depending on the level of amenities included.



Parks and Trails

As the City's parks and trails continue to expand, and the infrastructure ages, there will be a continued desire for upgrades as well as new facilities added (i.e.: trails, playgrounds, waterparks, sports fields, washroom buildings, lighting, parking, and skateboard parks etc.). Relmagine Nanaimo and other planning processes, identified these amenities as highly valued and desired by the community. As much as the community values these assets, it was identified in various surveys and focus groups that amenities need upgrades. Improvements to recently acquired parks (Linley Valley, East Wellington, Park Avenue, Westwood Lake etc.) as well as updates to existing park amenities are desired.

Water Supply Dam

The City's water supply dam at Jump Lake has provided excellent service to the community since it was constructed in the 1970's. As a result of significant water conservation efforts by the community, the City has been able to delay upgrades to the dam for decades while continuing to support growth. The latest estimate is that the current dam will be sufficient until 2061; however, exactly when an upgrade is required could change, in particular with a shifting climate or consumption trends. The cost for upgrading the dam is expected to be over \$ 250 million, which should be considered in the context of other borrowing, timing and the City's total debt capacity. The timing of the dam upgrade is beyond the horizon of this report and evaluation; however, the trailing debt servicing could impact the ability to accelerate the dam should it be needed.

There is also a need to seismically upgrade the South Fork Dam and add an additional intake structure. Those two projects are critical to ensure resilience of the City's water supply and are expected to require about \$65 million within 15 years.

Cultural Venues in the Downtown

A desire has been expressed for upgraded or expanded cultural facilities in the downtown including a new or expanded Nanaimo Art Gallery and updates to the Nanaimo Museum. Updated pricing has not been established for the two venues but could be substantial if all desires are achieved over the foreseeable future.

Other Facilities

The City has well over 100 facilities and buildings ranging in size, age and use. These facilities provide the administration, emergency response, recreational and operational services for which the City is responsible. Well over half of these facilities are in the later stages of their service life and will be requiring significant investment to maintain current levels of service. Additionally, when the opportunity is available to integrate climate action initiatives with asset renewals, Staff attempt to maximize these strategic initiatives. While the City strives to maintain these facilities, there will come a time when significant investment is needed, which has been included in the asset management update and 20-year investment plan.

DISCUSSION

The City has a broad spectrum of major capital needs forecasted over the next few decades. Many of these are to support and sustain the existing services our residents rely upon, while others are focused on emerging needs, shifting services and adapting to a changing environment.



While every effort has been made to bring projects forward and complete appropriate due diligence, it is not possible to have each potential project at the same level of maturity. For example, once a cost estimate has been prepared, it has a shelf life. This means that at a given point in time, there will be numerous potential projects to consider; however, they will not have the same level or quality of information to compare.

A decision will often need to be made on a specific project or initiative, while information on the other projects may not be as accurate or mature. The intent here is to contextualize major future expenditures. An illustrative 10-year timeline is below:

2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
	2025	2025 2026	2025 2026 2027	2025 2026 2027 2028	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 1	2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 <

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The City will pursue grant and cost share opportunities for projects as applicable however at this point, all projects are assumed to be funded from borrowing. Municipalities in BC can enter into long-term capital borrowing to finance the purchase or construction of capital assets. The province mitigates borrowing risk by capping the annual liability servicing costs for each municipality (debt servicing limit). This means that borrowing decisions now can impact the City's financial flexibility for years.

With large projects involving borrowing, it can be very difficult to adjust the budget later on, which is why it is important to complete suitable due diligence prior to setting a budget and receiving Council and electoral approval for borrowing.

Each of the projects identified has a differing level of cost estimate maturity, ranging from reasonable certainty for Public Works, to speculative for a future fire station. Costing needs to mature to the point of enough confidence to approach the electorate for borrowing approval.



Current values, which should be considered "indicative" with low confidence, could be in the following range:

<u>Project</u>	Potential Range \$M	Potential Time Frame	Level of Confidence in the Cost
NOC/PWY – Fleet and Admin Building	\$ 90	2025 – 2029	Moderate
RCMP	\$ 250 - 270	2028 – 2030	Moderate
South End Community Centre	\$ 100 – 150	2026 – 2028	Low
Waterfront Walkway - Departure Bay	\$ 40+	2026 – 2028	Low
Future Fire Station	\$ 20 – 30	2031 – 2033	Low
Beban Master Plan Implementation	\$ 30 – 70	2027 - 2032	Speculative
Emerging Projects within 10 years			
Beban Main Complex Sustainment	\$ 30 +	2028 – 2029	Speculative
Wellcox Secondary Access	\$ 10 - 15	2027 - 2029	Low
VICC sustainment	\$ 20 - 50	2029 - 2031	Speculative
Longer Term Projects >10 years			
South Fork Dam Upgrades	\$ 65	2035 - 2037	Low
Jump Dam Upgrades	\$ 250 - 300	2050-2060	Speculative

For <u>illustration</u> of the potential impact if all identified projects were undertaken in the potential time frame shown in the above table Attachments A to D have been created.

Attachment A – provides the projected impact to the typical home, the estimated cost per \$100,000 of assessed value and the projected annual debt servicing for each project. The analysis is based on current 1% of taxes, an interest rate of 4.58%, assumes the full amount is borrowed and that all debt servicing is funded from property taxation.

Attachment B – shows the impact to the projected property tax increases in the approved 2024 – 2028 Financial. The borrowing timeframe extends beyond the current Financial Plan. This means there will be an impact to property taxes in future years to fund the debt servicing costs associated with those borrowings that occur in 2028 and beyond.

Attachment C - shows the projected outstanding external debt.

Attachment D – shows the projected annual debt servicing costs and the City's projected 2023 debt servicing limit. It is important to note that the City's annual debt servicing limit will be updated annually based on 25% of specific municipal revenues. As the City's controllable revenues increase the City's debt servicing limit will also increase.

Assumptions and the impact shown on the attachments will change as project scopes, costing and timing are refined, interest rate vary with economic conditions and the City's tax base changes. The attachments are meant to provide an overview of the potential impact of future major capital projects under consideration to assist in prioritizing the timing and execution of projects to ensure the City has flexibility.

CONCLUSION

Each of these potential projects has merit and benefit the community; however, some have a more direct community use (e.g. Community Centre), whereas others are necessary for continued



basic services (e.g. Public Works Yard). Next steps and timing for each potential major project will differ. The information within this report is an overview to set the context and inform future decisions on specific projects or borrowing. Council is now being asked for direction and decisions on one or more of these projects moving forward.

SUMMARY OF NEXT STEPS

The potential timeline above, intended to contextualize major future expenditures, is an illustrative timeline of borrowing, starting in 2025, for the four large capital projects as well as other probable future projects. In the near future, work is proposed as follows:

- With NOC / Public Works project Staff will bring forward a borrowing bylaw for Council's consideration once an option has been approved by Council (anticipated on July 29).
- Should Council support Staffs recommendations preparations will be made for a referendum in Spring 2025 for the South End Community Centre.
- If Council identifies one or more additional projects to include within the referendum question Staff will confirm current cost estimates and return to a future Council meeting (Fall 2024).
- The RCMP facility would be a future decision for Council. Staff are working to develop alternatives and will present those to Council when ready.

OPTIONS

- 1. That Council:
 - 1. Direct staff to begin preparations for a referendum in Spring 2025 for the South End Community Centre; and
 - 2. Provide direction with respect to additional projects that that it may wish to potentially include in a referendum question; and
 - 3. Direct staff to update costing, further develop project scope and return with a report summarizing these items.
- 2. That Council provide alternate direction.

SUMMARY POINTS

- The City has forecasted the need for various major potential projects, some of which are critical to essential services.
- This report provides a brief overview of the background and scope of each project; financial considerations and next steps.
- All projects are currently assumed to be funded from debt. For municipalities in BC, the
 payback period for borrowing can be as long as 30 years, likely within the timeframe of
 other future major funding requirements.



- If these projects are funded by long-term borrowing, the City must obtain approval of the electors either by Assent Voting (Referendum) or the Alternative Approval Process (AAP).
- Project timing and borrowing requirements will unfold over the next decade.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A – Project Impact to Typical Household Attachment B – Projected Property Tax Increase Attachment C – Projected Outstanding External Debt Attachment D – Projected Annual Debt Servicing Cost

Attachment E – "Nanaimo Plans for the Future" Plan, PowerPoint Presentation (to be distributed by Addendum)

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ATTACHMENT A

Assumptions:

20 year amortization at 4.58% @ June 4, 2024

Degree of certainty on probable project cost varies by project

Assumes all debt servicing funded from property taxes

Excludes additional borrowing that may be required for other projects or any potential cost sharing on RCMP Detachment

Does not include impact on operational budgets - i.e. new South End Community Centre, Fire Station etc

Estimated cost per Household for the Typical Home Valued at \$783,808

	Projected	Total	Cost per		
Project	Borrowing	Increase ^{1,2}	\$100,000 ^{1,2}		
Nanaimo Operations Centre (Public Works Yard)	\$ 90,000,000	\$ 139	\$	18	
RCMP Detachment	\$ 270,000,000	\$ 418	\$	53	
South End Community Centre	\$ 150,000,000	\$ 232	\$	30	
Waterfront Walkway - Departure Bay	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 62	\$	8	
Future Fire Station	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 46	\$	6	
Beban Master Plan Implementation	\$ 70,000,000	\$ 108	\$	14	
Beban Main Complex Sustainment	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 46	\$	6	
Wellcox Secondary Access	\$ 12,617,000	\$ 20	\$	2	
VICC Sustainment	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 77	\$	10	

¹Based on 2024 1% of taxes, average Class 1 change, and for complete borrowing

Projected Debt Servicing - First Ten Years³

-	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
Nanaimo Operations Centre (NOC)	55,600	810,800	2,124,200	4,151,400	6,055,200	7,271,900	7,271,900	7,271,900	7,271,900	7,271,900
RCMP Detachment	-	-	-	763,300	8,998,400	18,447,100	21,815,800	21,815,800	21,815,800	21,815,800
South End Community Centre	-	671,300	4,422,700	8,461,600	12,119,900	12,119,900	12,119,900	12,119,900	12,119,900	12,119,900
Waterfront Walkway - Departure Bay	-	134,300	922,800	2,134,500	3,232,000	3,232,000	3,232,000	3,232,000	3,232,000	3,232,000
Future Fire Station	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,500	884,300	1,692,500	2,424,000
Beban Master Plan Implementation	-	-	107,200	1,238,100	2,369,500	3,581,500	4,631,900	5,655,900	5,655,900	5,655,900
Beban Main Complex Sustainment	-	-	-	114,500	1,326,800	2,424,000	2,424,000	2,424,000	2,424,000	2,424,000
Wellcox Secondary Access	-	-	12,400	138,300	288,000	1,019,400	1,019,400	1,019,400	1,019,400	1,019,400
VICC Sustainment	_	-	-	-	1,500	350,500	2,218,700	4,040,000	4,040,000	4,040,000
	55,600	1,616,400	7,589,300	17,001,700	34,391,300	48,446,300	54,810,100	58,463,200	59,271,400	60,002,900

³ Rounded to nearest hundred

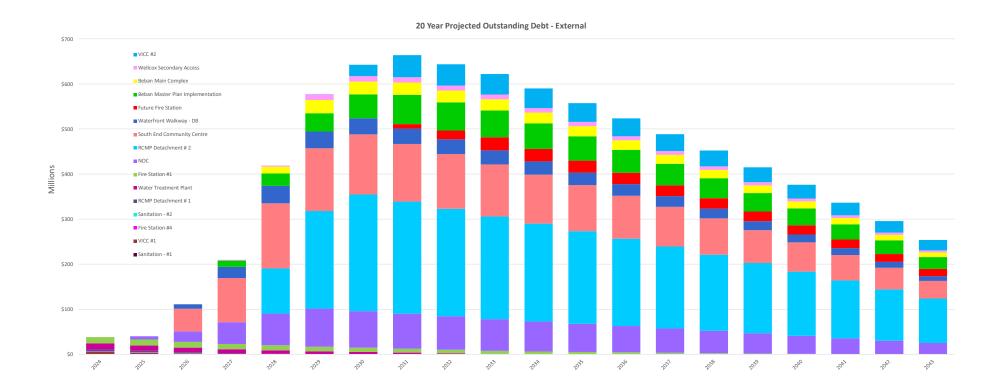
² Rounded to nearest dollar

ATTACHMENT B

Projected Impact Based on Current Approved Financial Plan

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
2024 - 2028 Financial Plan Projected Property Tax Increases	7.7%	7.2%	4.1%	2.5%	2.7%
Revised Projected Property Tax Increases	7.7%	7.2%	5.1%	5.9%	7.7%

ATTACHMENT C



ATTACHMENT D

20 Year Projected Debt Servicing - External

